DATE OF REPORT: 2/10/2023 FISHERIES MANAGER: Rob Hilsabeck DISTRICT NO.: 4 LAKE NAME: Wheel Lake BMSFWA COUNTY: Peoria WATER NO.: 4053 OWNERSHIP: State ACREAGE: 350

1. All Fish - 2 pole and line fishing only except carp may be taken by bow and arrow devices, gigs or spears during May through August.

White, Black, or Hybrid Crappie:

- 25 Fish Daily Harvest Limit with no more than 10 fish greater than or equal to 10 inches.
Large or Smallmouth Bass:
- Protected Slot Length Limit from 12 to 18 inches with 3 fish daily harvest limit.
Muskie:
- 42 inch minimum and 1 fish per day harvest limit.

Channel Catfish:

- 6 Fish Daily Harvest Limit

Walleye:

- 14 inch minimum and 6 fish daily Harvest Limit Recreational Use Restrictions:
-All live bait > 8 inch must be rigged with a quick set rig
-Waterfowl refuge or hunting area

2. 3. Spring Trapnet Survey on $4 / 12$ and $4 / 13$ in 2022.
1. Little Grassy Hatchery stocked 700, 7.2 inch Channel Catfish-9/8/2022.
2. Conducted Fall Population Survey using D.C. electrofishing on 10/4 and 10/5 in 2022.
3. Site staff maintained a pavilion and kids fishing pond near the Wheel Lake boat ramp.
4. Registered 35 tournament fishing groups at Banner Marsh for 2022, with 8 events at the Wheel Lake Access.

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|  | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Largemouth Bass |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stock Number | 374 | 239 | 135 | 209 | 207 | 161 | 187 | 148 | 231 | 212 | 203 | 100 |
| PSD | 63 | 67 | 75 | 47 | 46 | 54 | 51 | 64 | 56 | 73 | 73 | $40-60$ |
| RSD14 | 41 | 39 | 42 | 32 | 19 | 36 | 21 | 28 | 32 | 31 | 43 |  |
| RSD16 | 23 | 23 | 29 | 21 | 10 | 16 | 10 | 10 | 12 | 13 | 21 |  |
| RSD18 | 6 | 8 | 8 | 11 | 3 | 8 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 6 | $5-10$ |
| Wr > 8" | 93 | 94 | 92 | 93 | 90 | 93 | 91 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 93 | $90-110$ |
| YAR | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 |  |
| CPUE Stock | 2.4 | 1.6 | 0.88 | 1.1 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 2 | 1.8 | 2 | $1 / M i n$ |
| Effort | 154 | 151 | 153 | 191 | 144 | 116 | 121 | 127 | 115 | 120 | 100 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Bluegill
Stock \#
PSD
RSD7
Wr > 5"

| 4 | 15 | 56 | 9 | 2 | 10 | 6 | 32 | 0 | 9 | 14 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 25 | 53 | 68 | 67 | 100 | 60 | 67 | 6 |  | 88 | 93 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 14 |
| 97 | 87 | 85 | 89 | 81 | 88 | 80 | 78 |  | 84 | 82 |

$\begin{array}{lllllllllll}2012 & 2013 & 2014 & 2015 & 2016 & 2017 & 2018 & 2019 & 2020 & 2021 & 2022\end{array}$

| Black Crappie |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | LMP Obj |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Stock\# | 41 | 101 | 86 | 72 | 85 | 62 | 32 | 35 | 21 | 37 | 57 |  |
| PSD | 61 | 62 | 81 | 60 | 80 | 82 | 84 | 91 | 62 | 95 | 93 | $30-50$ |
| RSD9 | 32 | 29 | 28 | 6 | 34 | 29 | 16 | 66 | 19 | 65 | 67 |  |
| RSD10 | 12 | 22 | 12 | 3 | 19 | 15 | 9 | 40 | 19 | 46 | 49 | $20-40$ |
| RSD11 | 5 | 7 | 9 | 0 | 9 | 7 | 3 | 9 | 10 | 19 | 32 | $5-10$ |
| Wr > 8" | 90 | 90 | 86 | 88 | 88 | 84 | 83 | 91 | 84 | 87 | 91 | $90-100$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |  |
| White Crappie |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | LMP Obj |
| Stock \# | 101 |  | 50 | 44 | 87 | 44 | 18 | 25 | 6 | 15 | 70 |  |
| PSD | 100 | 97 | 90 | 91 | 99 | 86 | 50 | 96 | 100 | 93 | 96 | $30-50$ |
| RSD9 | 93 | 78 | 36 | 61 | 87 | 61 | 0 | 84 | 83 | 80 | 81 |  |
| RSD10 | 86 | 69 | 16 | 36 | 84 | 46 | 0 | 56 | 83 | 67 | 73 | $20-40$ |
| RSD11 | 64 | 55 | 6 | 18 | 61 | 36 | 0 | 40 | 83 | 60 | 54 | $5-10$ |
| Wr | 99 | 104 | 88 | 97 | 96 | 88 | 77 | 89 | 96 | 93 | 99 | $90-100$ |


|  | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Channel Catfish |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | LMP Obj. |
| Stock\# | 43 | 38 | 76 | 9 | 46 | 25 | 7 | 25 | 8 | 21 | 16 |  |
| PSD | 86 | 92 | 93 | 89 | 98 | 92 | 86 | 92 | 71 | 95 | 100 |  |
| RSD18 | 72 | 87 | 75 | 78 | 98 | 84 | 71 | 80 | 29 | 95 | 94 | $10-20$ |
| Wr | 98 | 105 | 106 | 102 | 105 | 107 | 115 | 100 | 90 | 102 | 102 | $90-110$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mue | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |  |
| Stock\# |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| PSD | 38 | 43 | 42 | 17 | 26 | 36 | 23 | 6 | 0 | 6 | 4 |  |
| RSD42 | 76 | 67 | 91 | 77 | 65 | 92 | 91 | 83 |  | 100 | 100 |  |
| Wr | 8 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 6 | 0 | 0 |  | 17 | 75 |  |
| CPUE | 91 | 100 | 99 | 87 | 118 | 91 | 89 | 101 |  | 98 | 91 | $90-110$ |
| NN |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2.4 | 0.42 |  |  |  |  |
| Wr | 2.4 | 1.9 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 1.6 | 1.9 |  |  |  | 0.4 | 0.3 | $.3 / \mathrm{netN}$ |

4. In 2022, the water level in the marsh was higher in the spring and lower in the fall. A perfect cycle will be the higher spring through early summer water levels to promote good spawning and recruitment. Then the natural summer/fall drawn down would allow the condensing of the prey fish with the predators.

In 2022, a spring trap net survey and a fall D.C. electrofishing survey was used to evaluate the fish population. The largemouth bass population was evaluated by 203 stock size bass from electrofishing with 100 minutes of effort.

The largemouth bass population indices showed a high percentage of fish from 4 to 20 inches with good relative weight values. In 2000, the bass regulation for the Marsh was changed from a 14inch minimum size limit and 1 fish per day - to a 12 to 18 inch protected slot length with a harvest of 3 fish under or over the slot per day.

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The 2022 electrofishing survey indicated a size structure that is continuing to maintain a good level and stability since 2001. The PSD of 73, RSD14 of 43, RSD16 of 21 and the RSD18 of 6 have been consistent since 2012. The average body condition was a little low at 93.

The goal of the protected slot length limit was to create a high density bass population that is composed of fish large enough to be efficient predators upon the high density of slow growing panfish and the rough fish population. The benefit to bass anglers will be more fish surviving past 14 inches to catch, and for the anglers wanting to harvest bass will be the opportunity to harvest more fish.

The online IFISH tournament registration and result system was started in 2015. The tournament results showed these anglers spent 2,843 hours in 2016, 1,604 hours in 2017 , 1,514 hours in 2018, 1,220 hours in 2019, and 982 hours in 2022 on Wheel Lake. They reported 392 legal fish in 2016 for . 14 fish per angler hour. They reported 307 legal fish in 2017 for . 19 fish per angler hour. They reported 260 legal fish in 2018 for . 17 fish per angler hour. They reported 202 legal fish in 2019 for . 17 fish per angler hour. They reported 302 legal fish in 2020 for .19 fish per angler hour. They reported 290 legal fish in 2022 for . 3 fish per angler hour.

The bluegill and redear sunfish population were sampled in low numbers in 2022. The bluegill and redear populations continue to have poor size structure and body condition. The food and space competition with gizzard shad and common carp have continued the slow growth of the panfish.

In 2022, 57 black crappies were sampled with a PSD of 93, RSD9 of 67, RSD10 of 49, and an RSD11 of 32 . 70 white crappies were sampled with a PSD of 96, RSD9 of $81, \operatorname{RSD10}$ of 73 and a RSD11 of 54. The body condition ratings were 91 and 99. Both crappie populations have seen a dramatic improvement in size indices since 2018. In 2018, the crappie harvest regulation changes to a harvest limit of 25 fish per day with only 10 fish over 10 inches allowed. Anglers should be able to concentrate on crappie with the flooded brush providing excellent habitat.

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The channel catfish population was represented by 16 fish in the spring trap nets in 2022. These fish were in good body condition with an average Wr of 102. The PSD of 100 and RSD18 of 94 indicates a population of large fish is present. 700 channel catfish were stocked in 2022.

A brood stock introduction of Flathead catfish was completed in 2000. 126 fish were stocked at an average weight of 4.9 pounds each. These fish should reproduce and maintain a low-density population in the Marsh. Their diet has been shown to consist mainly of gizzard shad, bullheads, crawfish, carp, bluegill and crappie. 10 flathead catfish were collected by DC electrofishing in 2010, 1 in 2011, 4 in 2012, 9 in 2013, 1 in 2014, 8 in 2015 and 10 in 2016. In 2017, 6 fish from 20 to 46 inches were collected. In 2018, 3 fish from 22 to 32 inches were collected. In 2019, 6 fish from 18 to 37 inches were collected. And in 2020, 1 fish was collected at 19 inches in length. In 2022, 3 fish were collected from 26.3 to 40.6 inches in length. Natural reproduction and recruitment have been occurring in Wheel Lake.

The muskie population was sampled by a total of 4 stock size muskie by the spring of 2022 trap net survey (. 3 fish per net night). These fish ranged from 37 to 47.2 inches long. The body condition of these fish was good with an average Wr of 91. Muskie had been stocked annually in Wheel Lake since the fall of 1996 at a rate of $1 /$ acre. No muskie were stocked in 2015 or 2016. In 2017, 352 fish at 12.4 inches were stocked. No muskie stocking occurred in 2020 due to COVID production issues at Jake Wolf Hatchery. In 2021, 2,787 fish at 3 inches were stocked in June, and 423 fish at 13 inches were stocked in September. A triennial stocking is now scheduled to maintain a moderate density of healthy muskie. Illinois (Jake Wolf) muskie strain appear to be doing very good in this lake.

White bass have been collected since 2010 in IDNR surveys. They were probably an introduction by anglers from the Illinois River. In 2020, a total of 1 white bass was collected at 17 inches. In 2019, a total of 13 white bass were collected from 12.6 to 17.7 inches. In 2022, a total of 6 white bass were collected from 16.6 to 18.1 inches. The body condition was okay at a Wr of 87. A low-density population will probably be maintained through natural reproduction and recruitment.

A brood stock introduction of redspotted sunfish was completed in 2010. A total of 850 redspotted sunfish were introduced on 10/27/2010. These fish were propagated at the Fish Preserve Lake at Emiquon. The fish were released into several sections of Wheel Lake in groups of approximately 100 fish each. No redspots were sampled in 2011 to 2019 surveys. In 2020, 5 Red spotted sunfish were sampled from 1.9 to 3.4 inches. In 2021, 1 red spotted sunfish was sampled at 4.8 inches. And in 2022, 4 red spotted sunfish were sampled from 3 to 4.1 inches. These fish were found in several locations near thick coontail beds or dense woody vegetation. Future fish surveys will continue to document survival and recruitment.

A brood stock introduction of 70 starhead topminnows was completed on 9/12/2011 from the site rearing ponds. Starhead topminnows have established a self-sustaining population in Johnson Lake and Shovel Lake at Banner Marsh. No Starhead topminnows were observed in Wheel Lake in 2012 or 2013. In 2014 thru 2022, adult and YOY starhead topminnows were observed throughout Wheel Lake with the vegetation survey and fall electrofishing surveys.

Glass shrimp were observed in the main lake during the fall 2010 and 2014 electro fishing survey.

In 2016, a stocking of 44 adult bowfin was completed on 3/30/2016 from the Emiquon Preserve. These fish were all floy tagged and part of the INHS study on ancient fish in Illinois. A very low population of bowfin ( 2 fish) had been sampled in Johnson Lake over the last 25 years. This stocking is an effort to establish a self-sustaining population at a site that has excellent habitat for their survival and recruitment. In the 2019, spring trapnet surveys, 1 large bowfin was collected in Wheel Lake section. No bowfin were collected in 2020-2022.

Recommended Lake Management Activities with Rationale for Implementation:
Fish Stocking - Channel catfish 700/year, 2.0/acre, 8 in. - Muskie 350 every 3 rd year, $1 / a c r e, 10$ in.

Supplemental stocking is required for all the above species due to no natural recruitment currently occurring in Wheel Lake.

Evaluate the reintroduction of Spotted gar back into the marsh to enhance the diversity of the current food chain.

Biological Surveys - Conduct annual surveys to measure trends in fishery population dynamics, angling regulations and progress toward management goals. In the fall, utilize by standardized methods, D.C. electrofishing to sample a target number of at least 100 stock-size largemouth bass. In the spring, assess the black and white crappie, bluegill, muskie and channel catfish populations by a trap net survey. In the summer, complete an aquatic vegetation and topminnow survey.

Toxicant Fish Control - limited application may be necessary to rehabilitate seasonally isolated ponds which contain severely imbalanced fish populations.

Aquatic Vegetation Control - limited need or application due to management goal of providing diverse, significant habitat for fish and wildlife. In 2020, the kids' pond was treated with fluridone to maintain aquatic vegetation at less than 20\% coverage.

In 2017, 2018, and 2020, a late summer application of Rodeo herbicide was applied to the very vigorous stand of phragmites that has developed at the main access boat ramp. The results have been very good. This phragmites control will continue for the future to maintain the access. An annual mid-summer vegetation survey will be completed as time permits to document trends and exotic species (i.e. Eurasian Milfoil). A vegetation survey was completed in 2020.

Lake Access - coordinate with the site staff on the development of shoreline fishing areas. Maintain the highly accessible "Kids Only" fishing pond/area near the current boat ramp. The IFISH online fishing tournament registration has worked very well. Coordination on the site use has been good and conflicts have been minimal with the public.

Site Map - update the site map of the water bodies as needed.

Wheel Lake Largemouth Bass Index Table
Year Stock \# PSD RSD14 RSD15 RSD16 RSD17 RSD18 RSD19

| 1996 | 140 | 25.7 | 11.4 | 11.4 | 7.1 | 5.7 | 2.9 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1997 | 155 | 14.8 | 5.8 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 1.9 |
| 1998 | 186 | 40.9 | 10.2 | 7.5 | 5.9 | 4.8 | 4.3 |
| 1999 | 129 | 62.8 | 24.0 | 13.2 | 6.2 | 4.7 | 3.9 |

---New regulation $12-18$ " protected slot, 3 fish daily creel---

| 2000 | 115 | 41.7 | 23.5 | 13.9 | 6.1 | 3.5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | 2.6


| 2001 | 165 | 50.9 | 36.4 | 25.5 | 17.0 | 8.5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | 4.2

$\begin{array}{llllllll}2002 & 98 & 53.1 & 29.6 & 26.5 & 15.3 & 9.2 & 4.1\end{array}$

| 2003 | 175 | 53.7 | 35.4 | 32.0 | 22.9 | 13.7 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 2004 | 127 | 44.1 | 29.1 | 24.4 | 15.0 | 9.4 | 6.3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 2005 | 194 | 35.6 | 20.6 | 17.5 | 9.3 | 8.2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | 2.6


| 2006 | 267 | 53.2 | 36 | 30.7 | 21.7 | 16.9 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | 10.5

$2007 \quad 242 \quad 75.6 \quad 41.3 \quad 34.3 \quad 22.7 \quad 16.1 \quad 10.3$
$\begin{array}{lllllll}2008 & 125 & 75.2 & 47.2 & 36.8 & 28.0 & 20.8\end{array}$
$2009228 \quad 48.2 \quad 26.8 \quad 22.4 \quad 15.8 \quad 10.1 \quad 7.0$

| 2010 | 249 | 66.7 | 39.4 | 31.7 | 20.9 | 15.3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 2012 | 374 | 63 | 41 | 34 | 23 | 14 | 6 | 4 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 2013 | 239 | 66.5 | 38.5 | 31.4 | 22.6 | 15.5 | 7.9 | 4.6 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 2014 | 135 | 75 | 42 | 39 | 29 | 22 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 2015 | 209 | 47 | 32 | 27 | 21 | 18 | 11 | 8 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 2016 | 144 | 46 | 19 | 15 | 10 | 5 | 3 | 2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 2017 | 161 | 54 | 36 | 27 | 16 | 10 | 8 | 6 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 2018 | 187 | 51 | 21 | 16 | 10 | 6 | 4 | 3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 2019 | 148 | 64 | 28 | 17 | 10 | 6 | 4 | 3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 2020 | 231 | 56 | 32 | 25 | 12 | 8 | 4 | 2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 2021 | 212 | 73 | 31 | 23 | 13 | 6 | 3 | 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2022 | 203 | 73 | 43 | 30 | 21 | 10 | 6 | 2 |

Wheel Lake Fish Tournament Results for 2022


Species
Channel Catfish
Muskellunge
Channel Catfish
Muskellunge
Channel Catfish
Channel Catfish
Channel Catfish
Channel Catfish
Channel Catfish
Muskellunge
Channel Catfish
Channel Catfish
Muskellunge
Channel Catfish
Muskellunge
Muskellunge
Muskellunge
Muskellunge

| Size (in) | Count | Delivery Date | Source |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | :--- |
| 7.2 | 700 | $9 / 8 / 2022$ | \#1 Little Grassy Hatchery (090 |
| 13 | 423 | $9 / 7 / 2021$ | \#2 Jake Wolf Hatchery (0900 |
| 8 | 1505 | $8 / 26 / 2021$ | \#2 Jake Wolf Hatchery (0900 |
| 3 | 2787 | $6 / 3 / 2021$ | \#2 Jake Wolf Hatchery (0900 |
| 8 | 904 | $8 / 19 / 2020$ | \#2 Jake Wolf Hatchery (0900 |
| 8.4 | 490 | $7 / 24 / 2019$ | \#2 Jake Wolf Hatchery (0900 |
| 8.4 | 490 | $7 / 24 / 2019$ | \#1 Little Grassy Hatchery (090 |
| 6.4 | 541 | $7 / 20 / 2018$ | \#2 Jake Wolf Hatchery (0900 |
| 9.3 | 451 | $9 / 7 / 2017$ | \#1 Little Grassy Hatchery (090 |
| 12.4 | 352 | $8 / 29 / 2017$ | \#2 Jake Wolf Hatchery (0900 |
| 8 | 700 | $7 / 26 / 2016$ | \#2 Jake Wolf Hatchery (0900 |
| 8 | 700 | $7 / 29 / 2015$ | \#1 Little Grassy Hatchery (090 |
| 11.8 | 350 | $9 / 3 / 2014$ | \#2 Jake Wolf Hatchery (0900 |
| 6 | 700 | $8 / 11 / 2014$ | \#1 Little Grassy Hatchery (090 |
| 1 | 48384 | $4 / 28 / 2014$ | \#2 Jake Wolf Hatchery (0900 |
| 11 | 350 | $10 / 10 / 2013$ | \#2 Jake Wolf Hatchery (0900 |
| 11 | 25 | $8 / 21 / 2012$ | \#2 Jake Wolf Hatchery (0900 |
| 11 | 329 | $8 / 16 / 2012$ | \#2 Jake Wolf Hatchery (0900 |

